THE HOUND OF SHADOW

Manual

Artist Biographies

Eldritch Games is a software design and development company formed by **Chris Elliott** and **Richard Edwards** to develop the Timeline computer role-playing system. They have been involved with role-playing games from their early days in the UK, and contributed games related articles, scenarios and short fiction to magazines and publishers in the UK and USA, as well as designing board games.

Chris was born in Brighton in 1955. After leaving school, he worked in a variety of jobs before studying Communication Studies at Sheffield City Polytechnic. A hopeless junkie for the printed word, who will read cereal packets if there is nothing else around, he now lives in North-East London with his wife Sally, daughter Jenny, and dense but loveable Burmese cat Tigger.

Chris Elliott and Richard Edwards

Richard was born in Canning Town, East London, in 1956, and has lived there ever since. On leaving school he went to work at North East London Polytechnic in the Psychology Department. This gave him an allergy to bureaucracies, and a firm belief that computing is an occult art rather than a science. He is unmarried, but not opposed to it in principle. Master of the Real World Random Access Filing System, his living space makes a hamster look obsessively tidy. Achievements include his nickname, 'Fiveburgers'.

Mike Lewis, who did the lion's share of the programming, took his computing degree at North Staffs Polytechnic, and then became a freelance programmer. He wrote Redhawk, Kwah, and The Mystery of Arkham Manor, as well as a Halo Jones game which seems fated not to be published. His ambition is to settle down, having had 21 addresses in 26 years.

Carl Cropley, who drew the graphics, was once a refrigeration engineer, but since 1984 has worked as an illustrator and computer graphics artist. He did the graphics for Mike's games, and also did backgrounds and covers for REDFOX, voted Best New British Comic in the 1986 Eagle awards. He also lectures in Computer Graphic art at a Nottingham College.

THE HOUND OF SHADOW Manual

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INTRODUCTION

The Hound of Shadow is set in England in the 1920s, a country recovering from the ravages of the Great War, when extremes of wealth and poverty rubbed shoulders, when it was fashionable to cultivate an interest in spiritualism and magic. In the course of the game you become involved with murder, revenge, the occult, daemonic possession and other horrors that should have died a very long time ago. You will discover many of the awful things that lurk behind a seemingly humdrum existence, and learn through bitter experience that ignorance really can be bliss.

The Hound of Shadow uses the Timeline computer role-playing system to create a Cthulhu Mythos story, inspired by the works of H.P. Lovecraft and set in the 1920s. The following introduction explains what role-playing games are and how the Timeline system works. At the back of this manual there is a brief introduction to the strange life and works of H.P. Lovecraft.

Role Playing Games
These evolved when the separate elements of fantasy fiction and wargaming moved together. When these two strands met, a revolutionary new type of game emerged – the role-playing game.

In a role-playing game, players take the part of a character in an imaginary setting, which can be anything from fantasy to sci-fi, horror to espionage. The characters have skills and abilities, which are given numerical values and dice rolls are used to determine success or failure when they are used.

Role-playing games also need a referee, who goes under a variety of names (Dungeon Master, Game Master, etc.). They create the situations in which the players' characters find themselves and decide how successful characters are in doing what they want to, and how this affects the course of events.

It is the interaction between players and referee that makes 'tabletop' role-playing fun and allows the characters created by players to become personalities. In the course of play, they acquire a history, and experience, and become easier, and much more fun, to identify with. Computers are well suited to the numerical side of the referee's function, like dice-rolling. But even more important, they are superb at the job of helping players to build and then identify with their characters – which is where Timeline comes in.

London	Departs	0500	1000	1230	1520
Halesworth	Arrives	0840	1328	1540	1830

TIMELINE

When you create a Timeline character, you give them a detailed background, including their date of birth, sex, attributes, skills and profession. The key to the system is that any Timeline game will recognise this and adapt to the character. In the real world, people know whether you're a man or a woman and use your name if they know it. If they don't, they may still get to know you by sight if you go somewhere often enough and if you are famous they may even recognise you and know of your reputation. This game works the same way, as you'll find out – particularly if you spend some time in the British Museum Reading Room.

Your character's profession and skills, and how good they are at them, will be important in the game. Two characters may find out the same thing in different ways and what is easy for one may be more difficult for another. A scholar who is expert in Latin will be able to translate ancient manuscripts easily, but won't be as successful as the streetwise detective in bluffing their way into a library when they've forgotten their pass. When a character completes a scenario some of their skills will have improved with use, making the next scenario easier, but the events that they have been through may also have taken their toll in less obvious ways.

The Timeline system also means that if a character completes one scenario and goes on to others, they will automatically follow in sequence; there is no set order to the scenarios and each one becomes a part of the character's history.

Playing Instructions
This is not a conventional computer adventure, where the gameplay relies heavily on object collection, manipulation and logical puzzle solving.

Southwold	Departs	0743	1014	1426	1727
Halesworth	Arrives	0817	1047	1500	1802

| London (L'pool St.) | Departs .... | 0501 | 1002 | 1233 | 1524 |
| Wenhaston .... | Arrives .... | 0849 | 1337 | 1549 | 1839 |

The Hound of Shadow is a role-playing game – a realistic simulation of an imaginary world. You type in commands from the keyboard and text is displayed on the screen. In a horror game with a complex plot, where atmosphere is important, nothing works quite as well as text. (There are full screen graphics as well, of course.)

CHARACTER GENERATION

Please refer to your Hound of Shadow reference card for specific instructions on creating a user disk.

Male or Female?

The first choice you have to make is whether to be a male or female character. There are no special advantages or disadvantages to either although women could not have seen active service in the Great War and some professions are only open to men. (Sorry, but that's the way it was.) Choose your sex by moving the pointer to the appropriate character and selecting it.

Who Are You?

The next step in creating a character is to decide on your name, age and date of birth. You can be a Mr, Mrs, Miss (but not Ms), Dr, Professor, Sir, Lord or Lady. The name of your character is entirely up to you, but bear in mind that if you choose something ridiculous you will be stuck with it. Type in your choices and select continue to leave this screen. If you choose a British character and use the title Lord or Lady then you are limited to the Aristocrat profession.

You Are...

This screen gives you a thumbnail sketch of your character and offers a number of alternatives if you are not happy with the first one generated. Use the pointer to select 'Yes' or 'No'.

| Southwold .... | Departs .... | 0742 | 1013 | 1425 | 1726 |
| Wenhaston .... | Arrives .... | 0806 | 1036 | 1449 | 1751 |

| London (L'pool St.) | Departs .... | 0502 | 1003 | 1234 | 1525 |
| Blythburgh .... | Arrives .... | 0900 | 1348 | 1600 | 1850 |

Choose your Nationality

Your character can be British or American. Choose a nationality by moving the pointer to the appropriate flag and then selecting it.

PROFESSIONS

T he next step in creating a character is to choose a profession. If you want to be able to delve into the unknown it's no use having a 9 to 5 job. So in this game you can be an Aristocrat, Freelance Reporter, Gentleman Adventurer (men only), Novelist, Private Eye, Psychic Investigator, Scholar, Sleuth or Socialite. These all allow characters to be self-employed or independently wealthy and not to have to explain why they were late for work (again).

To help you decide which profession you want to follow, there are brief descriptions below of the sort of characters each could include and appropriate skills for them. These are only guidelines; try to create a personality for your character and then choose the skills that they would have. Some skills will be more useful than others but none are essential.

ARISTOCRAT (British characters only!) The 'pure' aristocrat is the sort of person who would have been educated at a major public school such as Eton or Harrow, then at Oxford or Cambridge, but would not have picked up much more than a basic proficiency in the Classics (written Latin and Greek). Utterly assured of their social position, Aristocrats can breeze past the lower orders with the equivalent of *Bluff* while years of "huntin' shootin' and fishin'" have made them good sportsmen and women. They have enough money to be able to afford expensive hobbies like *Photography, Driving* cars and *Piloting* planes.

| Southwold .... | Departs .... | 0741 | 1012 | 1424 | 1725 |
| Blythburgh .... | Arrives .... | 0755 | 1025 | 1438 | 1739 |

London (L'pool St.)	Departs	0503	1004	1235	1526
Walberswick	Arrives	0912	1400	1612	1902

FREELANCE REPORTER Always on the lookout for a big story, reporters have to be able to do their own *Research*, *Write* it up, and even be their own *Photographer*. The ability to *Bluff* or *Persuade* people is important. You might want to give them a specialist skill to reflect their interests or past experience.

GENTLEMAN ADVENTURER Inspired by thrillers of the period, especially the Bulldog Drummond stories, these characters are uniquely British. Well off members of the upper middle class were gentlemen but not aristocrats, and would have seen action as officers in the Great War. Keen sportsmen but no intellectuals, they were ever ready to answer the call of a maiden in distress, but scorned logic and deduction in favour of direct action. Concentrate on active skills rather than academic ones.
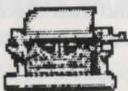
NOVELIST For a professional writer, the most important skill is going to be *Written English*, but a good *Research* skill is also important. Try to think what sort of novelist your character is and give them skills representing their background and interests. Aleister Crowley, the magician, infamous in the Twenties as The Great Beast, wrote stories about the *Occult*; a writer of historical romances would have studied *History* and the *Classics*.

PRIVATE EYE The classic gumshoe of Chandler and Hammett, or their equally hard-boiled female equivalent. Shrewd judges of human nature, they learned their *Psychology* the hard way. They can't pull rank on people, and have to rely on *Bluff* or *Persuasion* to get their way. They are observant (high *Perception*) but don't underestimate their intellect or learning.

Southwold	Departs	0740	1015	1423	1723
Walberswick	Arrives	0745	1020	1428	1728

London (L'pool St.)	Departs	0504	1005	1236	1527
Southwold	Arrives	0917	1405	1617	1907

PSYCHIC INVESTIGATOR Believer or non-believer? This was the great question in the 1920s. On the one hand were those like Sir Arthur Conan Doyle who believed in Spiritualism and the occult and spent their time trying to prove the objective existence of psychic phenomenon; on the other were people like Eric Weiss, better known as the Great Houdini, who viewed all such manifestations as fraud and were the scourge of mediums. A knowledge of the *Occult* is important for both, and *Conjuring* skill allows them to recognise many of the tricks employed to fake the paranormal.

SCHOLAR To be a scholar you need an 'ology'. Any such character should concentrate on skills like *Archaeology*, *Anthropology*, *History*, *Natural History*, and *Research*. You can choose three sorts of title for a scholar character. Plain Mr, Mrs, or Miss would make them proficient in two or three academic skills. The title of Dr. would make them a PhD; they should then have specialist knowledge of one or two academic skills. The title of Professor means that they are an expert and should have maximum possible skill in one academic subject (if you don't mind them being hopeless at most other things.) Academics don't have to be limited to academic skills – just remember the oriental scholar and Victorian explorer Sir Richard Burton.

SLEUTH The British equivalent of the Private Eye, but more likely to be a gentleman amateur or even an aristocrat rather than a seedy professional. Sherlock Holmes, Lord Peter Wimsey, and Harriet Vane are good fictional models. Well educated, skilled in applied *Psychology*, highly observant, and often able to read and write several languages.

Southwold	Departs	0744	1016	1427	1729
London (L'pool St.)	Arrives	2322	0158	0555	0929

Norwich	Departs	0643	0822	1304	1944
Tivetshall	Arrives	0738	0926	1347	2024

SOCIALITE The American equivalent of the British Aristocrat. Harvard or Yale educated, perhaps the cultured heir to East Coast old money, or the offspring of an oil, cattle or mining magnate, equipped with the airs and graces that their parents never had.

WHAT DID YOU DO IN THE WAR?

Characters have to be at least 25 years old or they would be too young to have been involved in the Great War. Women don't get the choice of active service but male characters can opt to have seen action. An American character can choose to have bought War Bonds or to have seen up to two years active service. A British male character can opt for service on the Home Front (perhaps because they failed the medical) or for two, three, or four years active service. Active service brings advantages and penalties for both British and American characters. Choosing it increases the points available for allocation to specific skills later on, representing Army training and the experience of war, but it also brings the subtle effects of shell shock and despair at the meaningless slaughter. These effects are not obvious but they are there nonetheless. British women are assumed to have chosen Home Front service, and they receive extra points representing their experience in traditionally male occupations.

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Beccles	Departs	1219	1522	1804	1925
Tivetshall	Arrives	1344	1602	1849	2007

Norwich	Departs	0644	0825	1306	1947
Pulham Market	Arrives	0746	0932	1353	2030

SKILLS

S kills in The Hound of Shadow have been grouped into seven areas: Physical (50lb dumbells), Social (wine bottle), Investigative (magnifying glass), Academic (morterboard and spectacles), Logical (open book and glass phial), Creative (artists palette) and Spiritual (scroll). The next few pages will show you which skills are covered by which skill area. Before choosing the skills themselves you need to decide what sort of character you are creating and what they have most aptitude for, most experience in, or have studied most. For example, is it someone who is academically gifted, and can write many languages, but has no experience of speaking them? In this case you would put more points into the academic area than the social one.

To allocate the fund to each of the seven skill areas, simply use the pointer to select the required level on each of the rheostats situated below the icons. You can alter the level and reallocate the fund if you are unhappy with your initial selection. When all of the fund is used up and you are happy with the balance between each area, select the *done* icon. **Note:** that you can't leave the screen until all of the fund has been allocated.

After allocating the fund to each of the seven areas you then step through each of these skill areas selecting specific skills from within them. The specific skills are listed over the following pages in their general areas, there is a brief description where necessary. To allocate fund to a skill simply select it with the pointer, a box displaying the skill and rheostat will appear. Use the pointer to select the level on the rheostat that you require and then select the *done* icon when you are finished. Again the levels can be altered until you are finally satisfied with the balance of skills in this area. **Note:** that you can't leave the screen until all of the fund has been allocated. Select the *done* icon with the pointer to continue to the next screen.

Beccles	Departs	1218	1521	1801	1922
Pulham Market	Arrives	1258	1556	1843	2001

Norwich	Departs	0645	0826	1307	1948
Pulham St. Mary	Arrives	0747	0935	1356	2033

PHYSICAL SKILLS

BRAWLING This is best defined as hand-to-hand combat with the minimum use of weapons. It may not be pretty, but it is effective. But be careful who you use it on; they could be better than you.

CLIMB Useful for getting up rockfaces or buildings.

EVADE The ability to avoid a blow, runaway car or the like and to be able to throw off pursuit.

DRIVING This mainly applies to cars but can also extend to other vehicles with simple controls, such as motor launches.

HANDGUN This covers general familiarity with all handguns, whether revolvers or automatics.

PILOT The ability to fly an aeroplane. Depending on the level of skill this will cover more types of plane, and allow the pilot a better chance of succeeding in what they want to do.

RIDE Normally applies to horses, but skilled riders also have a good chance of riding more unusual mounts such as camels or water buffalo.

Beccles	Departs	1217	1519	1800	1921
Pulham St. Mary	Arrives	1255	1553	1840	1957

Norwich	Departs	0646	0827	1308	1949
Harleston	Arrives	0754	0942	1403	2041

RIFLE General familiarity with all shoulder weapons firing a solid projectile.

SHOTGUN Familiarity with the use of shotguns, both breech loading and pump action. Classed as a separate skill from Rifle because of the different techniques involved.

SWIM A useful skill when there's water around, but there probably won't be much call for it in Soho...

SWORD A knowledge of the use of foils, sabres and straight edged swords.

SOCIAL SKILLS

HAGGLE The skill of informal face-to-face negotiation.

BLUFF The ability to convince someone by the techniques of high pressure salesmanship. It is essentially a short-term solution and will seldom work twice with the same person once they have had a chance to think over what they have heard. More difficult, but more effective in the longer term, is the use of Persuasion. (See over.)

Beccles	Departs	1216	1518	1759	1920
Harleston	Arrives	1249	1547	1834	1950

Norwich	Departs	0649	0830	1311	1952
Bungay	Arrives	0815	0958	1420	2057
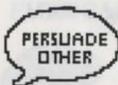
PERSUADE The ability to convince someone to help you by use of reasoned argument. A longer term solution than Bluff because the person who has been persuaded now understands and accepts the player character's reasons for doing something.

WRITTEN ENGLISH All characters are given a fairly high level of basic literacy to reflect the fact that they are educated professionals.

SPOKEN LANGUAGES These are indicated by a speech bubble with the name of the language in it.

INVESTIGATIVE SKILLS

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING This covers knowledge of the design, manufacture, operation and repair of electrical and electromechanical equipment. The chances of success will of course depend on the level of skill and the availability of tools and components.

HISTORY A general knowledge of world history and also of the techniques of historical investigation and evaluation.

RESEARCH The skill of consulting published sources to discover relevant facts.

Beccles	Departs	1215	1517	1758	1919
Bungay	Arrives	1232	1531	1817	1931

Norwich	Departs	0652	0833	1314	1955
Geldeston Halt ...	Arrives	0823	1011	1433	2109
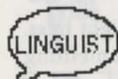
LINGUIST The ability to analyse a person's speech patterns, accent or other aspects of their speech. This is not the same as being able to speak a language. A linguist could listen to someone and decide what type of language they were speaking, possibly even the language itself, without being able to talk it themselves.

LISTEN This is an indication of how keen the character's hearing is and how attentive they are.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING Knowledge of the design, manufacture, operation and repair of mechanical systems. The chances of success in using this skill will depend on the player character's level of skill and the availability of tools and components.

ESCAPOLOGY This is a knowledge of locks, knots and the physical techniques of escaping from restraints. For player characters it would be a hobby skill, but they could still be extremely good at it.

CONJURING A knowledge of the techniques of stage magic, including sleight of hand and misdirection. Learned as a hobby by player characters.

PSYCHOLOGY The understanding of the workings of the human mind and the ability to make judgements based on this.

Beccles	Departs	1214	1510	1757	1910
Geldeston Halt ...	Arrives	1220	1516	1803	1916

Norwich	Departs	0653	0834	1315	1956
Beccles	Arrives	0835	1017	1439	2115

PERCEPTION The ability to notice things that other people might miss. You could define it as the difference between looking at something and seeing it.
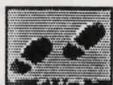
WOODCRAFT The skills of outdoor survival, including being able to track and live off the land.

ACADEMIC SKILLS

ARCHAEOLOGY This skill will help in identifying ancient sites and buildings.

NATURAL HISTORY The ability to identify flora and fauna.

WRITTEN LANGUAGES These are indicated by an open book with the name of the language written on it.

LOGICAL SKILLS

ANTHROPOLOGY Classed as a logical skill because it will generally be used by player characters to make deductions about unfamiliar ethnic groups that they come across, based on their knowledge of the science.

Beccles	Departs	1221	1523	1805	1926
Norwich	Arrives	1354	1637	1924	2042

CHEMISTRY The ability to analyse unknown compounds or to work out what chemicals would be useful in a given situation, and if they can be made from available ingredients.

LAW Not only a knowledge of the facts and relevant laws, but the ability to analyse them and make out a logical argument.

FIRST AID The skill of assessing the type and seriousness of a person's illness or injury and giving them on-the-spot treatment. All player characters have a basic skill in First Aid.

MEDICINE More extensive than First Aid, being the ability to diagnose and treat illness or injury.

CREATIVE SKILLS

HIDE Finding a good hiding place, especially in a hurry, requires a special flair; this can't be taught although it can be improved with practice.

NAVIGATION Not just the ability to read and follow maps and charts but the ability to hold a mental picture of where you are in relation to somewhere else.

PHOTOGRAPHY The ability to take and develop photographs.

STEALTH More than just the ability to move quietly, this is the knack of passing unnoticed or detecting hazards before they are encountered.

SPIRITUAL SKILLS

Only the first two spiritual skills are available to newly created characters in this game.

ASTROLOGY Depending on the level of this skill a player character can range from a general awareness of the theory and elements of Astrology up to a familiarity with their use.

OCCULT This does not represent the active use of occult skills but a knowledge of occult beliefs and practices.

USE GATE Knowledge of this spell allows the use of a magical Gate to transfer between two places. This does not allow the creation of new gates, since this would involve corrupting knowledge and depraved practices.

CORRUPT KNOWLEDGE All knowledge is power and, as Lord Acton observed, power tends to corrupt. In the course of a game, your character will learn about the things that lurk behind the thin facade of everyday life, and about those that serve them. Such knowledge enables them to fight such horrors more effectively, but it brings with it the taint of evil. Characters must know what they are fighting and how to stop it, but the more the scale of the horror is understood, the greater the likelihood that the character will be unable to cope with the realisation and will succumb to despair. You can't examine this aspect of your character directly but you will notice the subtle effects of corruption and despair as they complete more than one game...

A Thumbnail Sketch
Once you have finished allocating skills the next screen gives you a summary of your character, their abilities and skills.

Saving and Loading Characters
Once a character has been created you must save him or her to a user disk before you can begin a scenario. On-screen prompts will tell you what to do at each stage. Any character that has been saved to disk can be examined by using the 'Select Character' option on the main menu that is displayed when the game is first loaded. This will bring up a sub-menu which offers the choice of Examining the character, Beginning a scenario or Returning to the main menu. Choosing to examine a character means that you can look at their skills but not change them in any way. A character who has successfully completed a scenario cannot be used in that scenario again, but can still be examined to see how their experiences have changed them.

Playing the Scenario
As far as possible the game behaves realistically. You will not need to solve complicated

puzzles in order to carry out simple tasks. As in the real world, you can't just go anywhere you want and do anything you like, and you can't act on knowledge that your character doesn't already have. There are other people in the game; to survive it you will need their help, so be polite to them. The game is designed so you can talk to other people simply by typing in what you want to say.

Commands
To avoid the frustration of not finding exactly the right word you need, the main verbs used in The Hound of Shadow are listed below in alphabetical order, together with their synonyms. Not all of them are there because that would give too much away about the game. If you're trying to do something that won't work, check to see if the verb you're using is included; if it is not, see if there is another that would do the job. Remember that you can use these commands: Wait until..., What is the time?, What do I know?, Where am I?, and Go to the...(e.g. kitchen, lounge, flat, etc.)

Bluff	Exits	Open	Show (Present)
Buy (Purchase)	Fill	Order (Request)	Sit
Copy	Get	Persuade	Sleep
Cut	Give	Photograph	South (S)
Date	Help	Pick	Stand
Develop (Print)	Inventory (Inv, List)	Push	Time
Down (D, Downstairs)	Knock	Quit	Up (U, Upstairs)
Drink	Leave	Read	Wait
Drop	Load	Redescribe (R)	Wear
East (E)	Look (Examine)	Relax (Meditate)	West (W)
Eat	Make	Save	Write
Enter (Go In, Go Into)	North (N)	Search	

Talking to People
As well as direct commands, your character can talk to other people, and they will talk to you. This aspect is crucial as you will need others' help to complete the game. Interaction with people in The Hound of Shadow is usually in the form of question and answer, but you don't need to use the form 'Say to Jasper...', and you don't need to enclose the sentence in quotes. Just use clear simple sentences in plain English, and they should work. For example, you might be looking for someone, and go to where they work. Once there, you would simply say Does John Smith work here?, or I'm looking for John Smith, is he here? Another important point is to listen to what people are saying to you.

So now you are ready to enter the strange and sinister world of H. P. Lovecraft, to unravel the secrets of arcane lore, to delve beneath the surface to discover the loathsome horrors and corruption of London in the 1920s. The Hound of Shadow is a powerful force of evil, summoned by servants no less wicked; only your courage and wit can hope to defeat the horror stalking the streets.

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THE MAN BEHIND THE MYTHOS
Howard Phillips Lovecraft 1890 - 1937

Lovecraft is a paradox from beginning to end. A hopelessly unprofessional writer who shunned commercial success, his entire output is in print years after his death; an author with major technical weaknesses who is still recognised as one of the greatest creators of macabre fiction; an eccentric recluse who managed to be a charming and witty penfriend to a large circle of people.

"It came as I droned aloud the ninth verse of that primal lay, and I knew amidst my shudders what it meant. For he who passes the gateways always wins a shadow, and never again can he be alone."
The Book

Lovecraft was born in 1890 and was only eight when his father died, having become violently insane some years earlier and been confined to an institution. Reading at three and writing at four, Lovecraft was soon working his way through the 2,000 volume library of his grandfather. He developed a lifelong passion for the eighteenth century and affected the style and language of the era.

His earliest story, 'The Beast in the Cave', was written in 1905. But he then abandoned fiction for nine years, concentrating instead on verse and essays. In 1918 he began to write his own fiction again and in 1922 his first professional work was published – 'Herbert West - Reanimator' – a six part series about a ghoulish experimenter who eventually falls victim to his own creations. The year after this, he started to write for the magazine which published many of his best stories - Weird Tales.

"To Yian-Ho, that lost and forbidden city of countless eons whose place may not be told, I have been in the veritable flesh of this body, as none other among the living has been. Therein have I found, and thence have I borne away, that knowledge which I would gladly lose, though I may not."
The Diary of Alonzo Typer

Lovecraft, along with other writers who were to contribute to what became known as the Cthulhu Mythos, was a regular contributor to the magazine. The Mythos evolved gradually from Lovecraft's writing and he never used the term himself, but his readers, friends and fellow writers came to recognise common names and recurring themes. They saw in his stories an emerging private mythology, involving rotting towns where dreadful secrets lurked, books of forbidden lore such as the hideous Necronomicon of the mad Arab Abdul Alhazred and, finally, the idea that the worship had persisted into modern times of blasphemous deities - the Great Old Ones - who had been expelled from the cosmos unimaginable eons ago, but whose return was plotted by their followers.

"There was a formula – a sort of list of things to say and do – which I had recognised as something black and forbidden; something which I had read of before in furtive paragraphs of mixed abhorrence and fascination penned by those strange ancient delvers into the universe's guarded secrets whose decaying texts I loved to absorb."
The Book

One of these deities was the subject of a story written in 1926 from which the Mythos took its name - The Call of Cthulhu. Bringing all these elements together, and running through Lovecraft's macabre stories, is the idea that the only thing which preserves people's sanity is the fact that they are unaware of the horrors that lurk behind the thin veneer of everyday reality.

Lovecraft died of cancer in 1937. For all his faults as a writer his work has endured. In spite of the references to ancient cults and lore, his stories are firmly based in the present and gain much of their power from this. The true horror in his stories is that the universe does not care, that we are very small, insignificant - and alone.

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