

alternate  
**REALITY**®

*The City*



Guidebook to

alternate  
**REALITY**<sup>®</sup>

*The City*

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Welcome to The City of Xebec's Demise. Read this Guidebook before entering. It gives you important information for survival. The separate Reference Card gives specific instructions for using your computer to enter Alternate Reality.

A map of The City is included in your package. The Floating Gate, in the centre of the map, is surrounded by Granite Bank, Best Bargain Store, Best Armorers, and Tail of the Dog Tavern. Use this base to explore the rest of The City.

There are many establishments in The City. This list will help you in your travels. Inns: 7; Taverns: 14; Banks: 3; Shops: 15; Smithies: 4; Healers: 2; Guilds: 14.

The City game doesn't allow you to interact with Weapons Trainers and some other institutions. Also, you'll discover entrances that require you to use a disk you don't have. Alternate Reality—The City is designed to be expanded. Future additions include The Wilderness, The Arena, The Dungeon, and The Palace.

In addition to the game, you need a blank, formatted disk to use as a Character Disk. Without a Character Disk, you can't save a game. Refer to your computer user's guide for instructions on formatting a disk.

Please fill out and return the enclosed Datasoft Product Registration Card. If your disks are accidentally damaged or destroyed, you can get backup copies for \$15. Send the damaged disk, proof of purchase (box or receipt), and a check, money order, or Visa or MasterCard number (include expiration date) to:

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You're kidnapped by an alien spaceship and find yourself in a room with only one exit. Through this doorway you see *The City of Xebec's Demise*. An energy field moves across the opening. Overhead is a panel with constantly changing numbers. As you go through the door, the numbers freeze. This sets your levels of *Stamina*, *Charm*, *Strength*, *Intelligence*, *Wisdom*, *Skill*, *Wealth*, and *Hit Points*. The higher these Stats, the better your chances are in *The City*. You decide whether you're Good or Evil.

During the first few days, you're extremely vulnerable to foul play. The safest area of *The City* is near the *Floating Gate*. Of course, safety isn't your only consideration; there are benefits to discover in the more dangerous locales. But keep a low profile until you're familiar with *The City*. And avoid Encounters with life forms that are obviously superior (don't tease a Wizard, for example!).

Have enough sense to come in out of the rain! Bad characters like bad weather. It's also dangerous to be out at night. Find an Inn and check in before sundown. A good night's sleep does wonders for your *Stamina* and restores *Hit Points*.

Keep an eye on your Stats. You can become hungry, thirsty, or tired. Find a Tavern for food and drink, an Inn for rest. You have a little money; use it wisely. A compass, available in most Shops, is a wise investment. It's helpful to remember that the inventories in Shops and Smithies change daily.

The values at the top of the screen help you decide what action to take. Increasing these levels is important to achieving your goals. Good *Stamina* is useful in surviving hardships. Charming an opponent, naturally, requires *Charm* (charisma). *Strength* gives you an advantage in a fight; *Skill* helps you avoid blows from an adversary. *Intelligence* is crucial for tricking your enemies, *Wisdom* for making decisions. *Hit Points* are very important: the more you have, the harder you are to kill!

You are closely monitored! Don't think the Stats at the top of the screen make up the whole. Many things, including your personality, are constantly taken into account by the computer. To achieve your goals, be yourself!

**Secret Passages** There are many Secret Doors and One-Way Walls in *The City*. A Secret Door looks like a wall, but you can walk right through it (accompanied by a whooshing noise and an odd melody). One-Way Walls are invisible on one side. You can pass through the invisible side, but not the visible one.

**Inns** offer lodging for a price. They're also Time and Date information centres.

**Taverns** sell food and drink and offer entertainment. The menus change hourly. Often, the songs sung in a Tavern give you important clues.

**Alcohol** Taverns serve alcoholic beverages. Alcohol is also an ingredient in many Potions. Drink in moderation. If you're drunk, movement is hampered, manipulating screens is difficult, and you may even experience blackouts. Find an Inn and sleep it off.

**Smithies** As you approach a Smithy, you may hear the Smith hammering away on his anvil. New Weapons purchased at a Smithy are never Cursed. But prices (and quality) vary greatly; bartering is essential. When buying a Weapon, remember that each has unique characteristics. For example, a Longsword is a better offensive Weapon than a regular Sword; but the regular Sword is a better defensive Weapon.

**Banks** offer investment plans for your money. The higher the interest rates, the greater the risk. They sometimes offer money for gems and jewelry. Banks have regular hours; you can't do business in the middle of the night!

**Shops** offer a variety of wares, usually ornamental. If you become wealthy, you may want to deck yourself out according to your station.

**Healers** There are Places of Healing in *The City*. Like clinics everywhere, a fee is charged for services. There are some effects of Disease or Poison that don't show up right away, so don't wait! If you're wounded, ill, or poisoned, see a Healer as soon as possible.

**Guilds** Guilds are very particular about accepting new pledges, so don't expect to be welcomed as a member on your first visit. However, even a first visit is rewarded with Character-enhancing knowledge. And, for a fee, any Guild will help you get rid of a Cursed Weapon.

**Treasure** takes many forms: Jewelry, Weapons, Armour, Potions, Money, and other special items. All treasure, except gold, silver, and copper, is potentially Magical or Cursed. Pick something up to discover its unique properties. Magical items are valuable; Cursed items can be a source of great despair.

**Gems and Jewelry** are obtained after Encounters or found in Treasure. Take them to a Bank for appraisal and sell them. Appraisals vary from Bank to Bank.

**Weapons** are necessary for survival. Even if you abhor violence, you need a Weapon for self-defense. Some creatures in *The City* will attack you, no matter how nice you are, and bare hands are rarely useful.

There are three ways to acquire Weapons:

1. Finding them after an Encounter
2. Finding them after uncovering a Treasure
3. Buying them from a Smithy

Always Examine a Weapon carefully before picking it up. The more Intelligent you are, the easier it is for you to tell if it's Magical or Mundane (normal). Magical means it has special properties: it's very valuable or it's Cursed. Once you Pick up a Cursed Weapon, you can't Drop it; you need help to get rid of it. Pick up any Weapon you find as a Secondary Weapon. This way, if it's Cursed, you aren't stuck with it as a Primary Weapon while you travel to a Guild for help. **Note:** A Shield should always be used as a Secondary Weapon.

If you find a Weapon you want while carrying the maximum load, Drop one of the Weapons you already have to Pick it up. A Weapon must be Ready as either Primary or Secondary Weapon in order to be dropped. Follow the prompts.

**Potions** Some Potions are beneficial in advancing your Character. When you find a Potion, decide whether to Keep it, Leave it, or Use it. Once you Open a Potion, Examine or Use it right away. The Potion deteriorates once the seal on the container is broken. Examine a Potion for colour. To find out more, Sip or Taste it. Each Sip or Taste tells you a little more about the Potion. Many Potions are unstable and disappear during



examination. To save a Potion for later, don't Open until you're ready to Use it.

There are four major categories of Potions:

*Benign:* Water, Fruit Juice, Milk, Mineral Water

*Advantageous:* Invulnerability, Cure, Potions to aid Stats

*Disadvantageous:* Strong Alcohol, Potions to Diminish Stats, Weak Poisons

*Dangerous:* Strong Poisons, Acids

**Poison** in your system usually causes death. When poisoned, you sustain initial Hit Point and neurological damage in line with the strength of the Poison. If you're lucky enough to find a Potion that cures Poison, drink it. Otherwise, find a Healer right away.

There are four ways you can be poisoned:

1. Swallowing poisonous Potions
2. Being clawed by a poisonous creature during an Encounter
3. Being bitten by a poisonous creature during an Encounter
4. Being hit by a poisonous tail during an Encounter

**Disease**, untreated, causes death. Contracting a Disease results in Hit Point and neurological damage in line with the severity of the infection. If you get a Disease, drink a Potion that Cleanses or seek out a Healer. If you're clawed or bitten in an Encounter, find a Healer to prevent possible infection.

There are three ways to contract Disease:

1. Contact with bacterial spores from Mold and Slime
2. Being clawed by a diseased creature
3. Being bitten by a diseased creature

**Encounters** with beings in The City are common. The five categories of Encounters are listed below in the order most favourable to you.

1. You Surprise a life form
2. You Notice a life form (before it sees you)
3. You See a life form at the same time it sees you
4. A life form Notices you first
5. You are Surprised by a life form

In an Encounter, you are either *Engaged* or *Disengaged*. There are separate menus for each of these options.

**Engaged** means you must battle the life form or try to become *Disengaged*:

**Sneak attack** is available when you Surprise a life form. Since your opponent is unaware of your presence, you have the advantage.

**Lunge** is a two-handed blow that can land with great force. **Beware:** If this blow fails, you have virtually no defense against retaliation.

**Attack** is the standard fighting maneuver. You move offensively while maintaining a decent defense.

**Parry** is an offensive move offering the highest possible defensive posture.

**Disengaged** lets you deal with your opponent in a less violent manner:

**Trick** an opponent if you're Intelligent. If a Trick fails, try it again. **Beware:**

You're not prepared for defense if the Trick fails.

**Charm** an opponent if your Charm level is high.

Some options are found in either menu:

**Ready** item if you have something appropriate, like a Weapon.

**Use** item you have Ready.

**Leave** to get out of the Encounter.

Tailor your Encounter strategy to fit your condition and the kind of life form confronting you. It's easier to Trick a Warrior than a Master Thief. Don't expect to Charm or Trick mindless life forms; you'd look pretty silly trying to Charm Mold!

**Life Forms** There are many life forms in The City:

**The Poor** are humanoids who have no ambition or have met with some catastrophe that has put them in dire straits.

**Commoner** These are individuals with no special skills or distinctions.

**Merchant** You usually see these capitalist types on their way to or from wheeling-and-dealing. They work hard to keep The City's economy healthy.

**Couriers** There's no telephone or telegraph, so Couriers are necessary for delivering messages as well as parcels.

**Guard** Most Guards are employed by the nobility. They're The City's policemen.

**Gladiators** are proven fighters from the Arena Games.

**Noblemen** are rich and powerful. They live in the Palace and are fond of Games in the Arena. When out in public, they're attended by their private Guards.

**Dwarf** Short (4 feet tall) and stocky (150 pounds), Dwarves are interesting characters. They're resistant to many Poisons and Magic Spells, have excellent night vision, and are terrific close combat fighters.

**Mages, Wizards** and other magical types dwell in The City. Most are associated with Guilds or other learning institutions.

**Thief** There are many Thieves in The City, each with his own criminal specialty.

**Assassin** Hired killers strike swiftly, without warning.

**Imp** Short (2 feet), devilish fire-breathers, Imps have long, dagger-like, poisonous tails. Avoid them!

**Night Stalker** Legendary creature of the night. An extremely powerful beast that no one can be certain doesn't exist.

**Others** There are many other creatures, mostly evil, in The City. You must be constantly vigilant.



1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem of the origin of life. It is shown that the problem is one of the most important and interesting in the history of science. The author discusses the various theories of the origin of life, and shows that the most probable one is the theory of spontaneous generation. This theory states that life originated from non-living matter, and that it has since developed into the various forms of life that we see today. The author also discusses the evidence in support of this theory, and shows that it is the most consistent with the facts of the case.

2. The second part of the paper is devoted to a detailed discussion of the theory of spontaneous generation. The author shows that this theory is based on the fact that life is a complex of many different parts, and that these parts are all derived from a common ancestor. This ancestor is the simple organic matter that is found in the earth, and from which all life has since developed. The author also shows that the theory of spontaneous generation is supported by the facts of the case, and that it is the most probable one.

3. The third part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the evidence in support of the theory of spontaneous generation. The author shows that this evidence is of two kinds: first, the evidence of the fossil record, and second, the evidence of the present-day world. The fossil record shows that life has existed on the earth for a very long time, and that it has since developed into the various forms of life that we see today. The present-day world shows that life is still being produced from non-living matter, and that it is still developing into the various forms of life that we see today.

4. The fourth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the implications of the theory of spontaneous generation. The author shows that this theory has important implications for the study of the history of life, and for the study of the present-day world. It shows that life is not a miracle, but that it is a natural process that has been going on since the beginning of time. It also shows that life is still being produced from non-living matter, and that it is still developing into the various forms of life that we see today.

5. The fifth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the conclusions of the author. The author shows that the theory of spontaneous generation is the most probable one, and that it is supported by the facts of the case. He also shows that this theory has important implications for the study of the history of life, and for the study of the present-day world. He concludes that life is a natural process that has been going on since the beginning of time, and that it is still being produced from non-living matter, and that it is still developing into the various forms of life that we see today.

6. The sixth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the bibliography. The author lists the various books and articles that he has consulted in the preparation of the paper. These include works by Darwin, Huxley, and other leading scientists of the time. The author also lists the various papers and reports that he has consulted, and shows that they all support the theory of spontaneous generation.

7. The seventh part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the appendix. The author shows that the appendix contains a list of the various specimens that he has examined, and that it also contains a list of the various experiments that he has conducted. These experiments show that life is still being produced from non-living matter, and that it is still developing into the various forms of life that we see today.

8. The eighth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the index. The author shows that the index contains a list of the various subjects that are discussed in the paper, and that it also contains a list of the various pages on which these subjects are discussed. This index is intended to help the reader find the parts of the paper that are most relevant to his interests.

9. The ninth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the conclusion. The author shows that the theory of spontaneous generation is the most probable one, and that it is supported by the facts of the case. He also shows that this theory has important implications for the study of the history of life, and for the study of the present-day world. He concludes that life is a natural process that has been going on since the beginning of time, and that it is still being produced from non-living matter, and that it is still developing into the various forms of life that we see today.



